## Taunton Garden Town - Design Checklist:

## Integrating into the Neighbourhood

Vision Theme

Garden Town Characteristic

BfL 12 primary + secondary questions					Garden Town Characteristics
<b>1 Connections</b> Does the scheme integrate into its surroundings by reinforcing existing connections and creating new ones whilst also respecting existing buildings and land uses along the boundaries of the development site?					The new and regenerated neighbourhoods of the Garden Town should be well-connected and integrated yet respectful neighbours to adjacent sites - encouraging movement by sustainable modes as a priority.
1a Where should vehicles come in and out of the development?	t				BfL 12 advice applies
1b Should there be pedestrian and cycle only routes into and through the development? If so, where should they go?					The Garden Town should have streets suitable for all modes of travel, but to encourage commuting and other essential journeys by active travel (cycling + walking) then specific direct routes may be considered, where these are safe, well-overlooked and lit.
1c Where should new streets be placed, could they be used to cross the development site and help create linkages across the scheme and into the existing neighbourhood and surrounding places?					The wider movement network within the context of the development site should be recognised and responded to in the layout of the Garden Town project.
1d How should the new development relate to existing development? What should happen at the edges of the development site?					The 'integration of town and country' is a crucial characteristic of the Garden Town. Private drives rarely provide an approriate edge condition and Edge Lanes that are public and link together to provide continuous perimeter access and a positive recreational route for active travel are strongly endorsed. Developments that contribute to forming a new threshold or gateway into and out of Taunton alongside a major route will need to promote a strong visual quality.
<b>2</b> Facilities and Services Does the development provide (or is it close to) community facilities, such as shops, schools, workplaces, parks, play areas, pubs or cafes?					Garden Towns should wherever possible reduce the need to travel long distances to gain access to essential everyday facilities. Full fibre broadband connectivity is required.
2a Are there enough facilities and services in the local area to support the development? If not, what is needed?					BfL 12 advice applies
2b Where are new facilities proposed: Are these facilities what the area needs?					BfL 12 advice applies
2c Are these new facilities located in the right place? If not, where should they go?					BfL 12 advice applies
2d Does the layout encourage walking, cycling or using public transport to reach them?					The networks for walking and cycling need to be explicitly considered/illustrated and well-conceived, reflecting the needs of local and longer-distance trips by these 'active-travel' modes. Networks that assure strong access to Taunton Town Centre, any new local centre, schools and other 'destinations' (such as employment sites + public transport stops) need to be provided.
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<b>3 Public transport</b> Does the scheme have good access to public transport to help reduce car dependency?					Development form (layout and density) and transportation should be considered to be interdependent within the Garden Town.
3a What can the development do to encourage more people (both existing and new residents) to use public transport more often?					The location of stops needs to be fully integrated with the design approach to localised density and character of urban form in order to create a series of clear and legible 'places' within the neighbourhood where public transport can be readily accessed.
3b Where should new public transport stops be located?					Ideally, radial streets and paths would place stops in the centre of a strong local network of walking routes.
	_	_	_		The ambition for all Contra To Co. 1911.
<b>4 Meeting local housing requirements</b> Does the development have a mix of housing types and tenures that suit local requirements?					The ambition for all Garden Town Communities is to create a good mix and broad range of good quality housing types / sizes in order to promote a mixed community which has a varied and diverse demography.
4a What types of homes, tenure and price range are needed in the area (for example, starter homes, family homes, or homes for those downsizing)?					Optical fibre broadband infrastructure should be provided.  Homes shall include types that are suitable (possibly after minor adaptation) to provide good home-working conditions.
4b is there a need for different types of home ownership (such as part buy or part rent) or rented properties to help people on lower incomes?					Garden Town neighbourhoods should have a range of tenures / ownerships that might encourage a diverse demographic amongst residents.
4c Are the different types and tenures spatially integrated to create a cohesive community?					The careful assembly of building groupings that combine different dwelling types within good architectural and urban compositional principles should be a key characteristic.

### Taunton Garden Town - Design Checklist: Creating a Place

Vision Theme

BfL 12 primary + secondary questions

assessment

Garden Town Characteristics

The primary generator of appropriate character will 5 Character Does the scheme create a place with a locallybe a sensitive understanding and response to the inspired or otherwise distinctive character? underlying landscape character of the site. 5a How can the development be designed to a have a local or distinctive Analysis and appraisal of positive examples of vernacular / local buildings should inform the architectural approach, which may therefore be grounded but innovative. Urban form should. similarly, be created that has reference to some key characteristics drawn from the surrounding context but respond to contemporary lifestyle demands/needs.
Anonymous national housetypes and standard 5b Are there any distinctive characteristics within the area, such as building shapes, styles, colours and materials or the character of streets and spaces that palettes of materials / details are not supported the development should draw inspirations from? simple, honest, well-constructed buildings should be aimed for. Modest patterns and textures which are derived from the constructional techniques employed are endorsed. Architectural design should pursue and share common proportions and be well-ordered, with elements (doors / windows / porches / etc) that clearly celebrate human scale and occupation. See 5 above - it is vital that the key characteristics and 6 Working with the Site and its Context Does the scheme take assets are recognised and celebrated. advantage of existing topography, landscape features (including water courses), trees and plants, wildlife habitats, existing buildings, site orientation and microclimate? 6a Are there any views into and from the site that need to be carefully Long distance impacts on views from Quantocks and considered? Blackdown Hills, as AONB, are very important considerations. 6b Are there any existing trees, hedgerows or other features, such as streams Retained vegetation and other ecological assets need that need to be carefully designed into the development? to be able to be carefully maintained - inclusion within the layout as rear private boundaries to gardens will not normally be acceptable. 6c Should the development keep any existing building(s) on the site? If so, how BfL 12 advice applies New Garden Town Neighbourhoods should have 7 Creating well-defined Streets and Spaces Are buildings layouts that allow for the inclusion of significant designed and positioned with landscaping to define and enhance building groupings which are memorable as 'set piece streets and spaces and are buildings designed to turn street compositions within the general arrangement. corners well? 7a Are buildings and landscaping schemes used to create enclosed streets and BfL 12 advice applies spaces? House types fulfilling this role need to be specifically designed - standard types merely adapated will rarely be acceptable. 7b Do buildings turn corners well? 7c Do all fronts of buildings, including front doors and habitable rooms face the BfL 12 advice applies The Garden Town should have excellent legibility. 8 Easy to find your way around Is the scheme designed to make it easy to find your way around? 8a Will the development be easy to find your way around? If not, what could be BfL 12 advice applies done to make it easier to find your way around? 8b Are there any obvious landmarks? Specimen trees, when mature (not just significant buildings) can provide good focal incidents within the 8c Are the routes between places clear and direct? BfL 12 advice applies

#### Taunton Garden Town - Design Checklist: Street + Home

Vision Theme

BfL 12 primary + secondary questions

assessment **Garden Town Characteristics** 

and certainly necessary in terraced typologies with

limited access to rear amenity space

In the Garden Town, the place quality of streets will 9 Streets for All Are streets designed in a way that encourage low be as equally important as their movement vehicle speeds and allow them to function as social spaces? The design principles of Manual for Streets 1 + 3 9a Are streets pedestrian friendly and are they designed to encourage cars to shall be fully applied - pedestrians and cycles shoul drive slower and more carefully? always take priority and the 'place quality' of streets should be fully considered alongside their functionality. 9b Are streets designed in such a way that they can be used as social spaces. Doorstep play and other informal stimulation for younger children to interact with the street such as places for children to play safely or for neighbours to converse? environment should be provided within the public realm, in addition to formal play provision elsewhere. Threshold spaces and boundary conditions mediating between the private and public realm and engaging with the approach to smaller groups of dwellings should be included to promote social interaction between The relationship between the public realm / main 10 Car parking Is resident and visitor parking sufficient and wellpedestrian route and the individual front door to integrated so that it does not dominate the street? each dwelling shall not be impeded or hidden from view by vehicles. 10a Is there enough parking for residents and visitors? Electric car-charging must be provided for each dwelling / allocated space and ducting should be installed to allow visitor spaces in the public realm to be retro-fitted with a supply, if not immediately provided. Car-charging at local centres and other public 'destinations' should be porvided. BfL 12 advice applies 10b Is parking positioned close to people's homes? Parking Courts are not generally supported in any 10c Are parking courtyards small in size (generally no more than five properties form and should only be used in exceptional should use a parking courtyard) and are they well overlooked by neighbouring circumstances, Parking Squares may be an acceptable alternative in certain locations
BfL 12 advice applies 10d Are garages well positioned so that they do not dominate the street scene? 11 Public and Private Spaces Will public and private spaces be The quality of public, shared and private open space are a key determinant of the character of the clearly defined and designed to be attractive, well managed and Garden Town. In general terms, the use of public safe? art/craft dispersed throughout the public realm is endorsed rather than a few major interventions in specific locations. 11a What types of open space should be provided within the development? The inclusion of open swales, rain gardens and other sustainable urban drainage features should be celebrated as part of the public realm and landscape design. Allotments should be located in order to promote maximum use and be wellintegrated with the urban layout, not located in an inaccessible distant position on the edge of the site. Opportunities for informal edible landscaping / micro-allotments should be provided as part of private threshold spaces and within the public 11b Is there a need for play facilities for children and teenagers? If so, is this the The Garden Town will provide strong and appropraite provision for all age groups. Doorstep right place or should the developer contribute towards and existing facility in play for young children should be integrated within the area that could be made better? the design of the public realm 11c How will they be looked after? Management arrangements that have the capacity, over time, to involve and empower the future residents are strongly endorsed. 12 External Storage and Amenity Space Is there adequate Secure cycle storage is best located in close proximity to the front / approach to the dwelling. external storage space for bins and recycling as well as vehicles Cycle stores in rear gardens will not be adequate to and cycles? strongly promote cycle use. 12a Is storage for bins and recycling items fully integrated, so that these items Where storage solutions are proposed in rear are less likely to be left on the street? gardens then specific attention needs to be paid to the layout of the front curtilage of those dwellings in order to deter their use as alternative casual storage, wherever possible. Well-designed enclosures at the front of dwellings are endorsed

# Taunton Garden Town - Design Checklist:

#### Climate + Planet Positive

TGT primary + secondary questions	assessn		Garden Town Characteristics
13. Building with Nature			
Have the Core Standards been met?			
Have the Wellbeing Standards been met?			This is essential as a base standard  Accessibility to good quality greenspace is a key characteristic of
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Have the Water Standards been met?			Water quality within the landscape of the Garden Town should b
			excellent.
Have the Wildlife Standards been met?			
			Bio-diversity increases are an essential theme
14. Energy Conservation + Carbon Reduction			
Is energy demand minimised across the development?			Garden Town project are expected to significantly reduce energy
			consumption
Does the development achieve a carbon reduction improvement of at least 19%			Garden Town projects are expected to be consistently performing
over Part L of the Building Regulations 2013?			better than the national standards for carbon reduction.
Is energy demand minimised within the buildings?			A 'fabric first' strategy for energy conservation is strongly encouraged including 'passiv-haus' standards where appropriate.
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			1
15. Renewable Energy  Are opportunities for site-wide energy solutions being effectively		+	Where reasonable and opportunities exist for site-wide energy
harnessed?			solutions (e.g low carbon heat networks, private wire renewable
			energy generation etc.) then these should be explored and pursued unless more effective and viable solutions exist.
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Does the development maximise opportunities to meet energy demands from		+ +	Any remaining carbon reduction requirements should be met by
renewable or low carbon sources?			on-site renewable or low carbon energy generation (e.g. roof-
			mounted solar PV panels).
Does the development perform as expected?			Post-occupancy evaluation and monitoring is expected.
16 Pacaurcas + Pacilianca			
16. Resources + Resilience Is there evidence of recycled / locally-sourced materials being used?		+	Specifications should fully explore whether alternative low-
			environmental impact options are available without reducing
Can rainwater be actively conserved?		+	build quality.  The Garden Town should attempt to be self-sufficient in terms of
Has whole life-cycle material performance influenced the specification?		+	water used for irrigation / gardening purposes.  Robust and resilient / durable materials are encouraged, or wher
			these have a limted lifespan, that they can be obtained from
Are systems in place to minimise landfill waste during construction?		+	renewable sources.  The process of construction should be carefully controlled to be a
, , ,			efficient in resource use as possible and may include off-site